

RELEASE DETECTION RESPONSE LEVELS

Facility Name: _____ Address: _____ City: _____ Zip Code: _____	Emergency Contact: _____ Operation Contact: _____ Other: _____ _____
In accordance with 62-761.600(1)(b), Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) The following Release Detection Response Level (RDRL) has been established for the checked method(s) of Release Detection: <p style="text-align: center; color: red; font-weight: bold; margin: 5px 0;">CHECK ALL THAT APPLY</p>	
RELEASE DETECTION METHOD	RDRL
Statistical Inventory Reconciliation (SIR) with a tank tightness test every three years	One failed SIR report or two consecutive inconclusive SIR reports. A failed tank tightness test.
Continuous Automatic Tank Gauge System	A failed 0.2 gph leak test report/printout.
Automatic Tank Gauge System with a tank tightness test every three years	A failed 0.2 gph leak test report/printout. A failed tank tightness test.
Vacuum Monitoring	A sudden loss of vacuum or a 20% loss of the original vacuum.
Electronic Monitoring of tank interstice	Alarm conditions, audible or visible.
Visual monitoring of tank interstice	Presence of free product or water.
Annual Tank and Line Tightness Tests used with daily inventory reconciliation (available until 10 yrs. after last tank upgrade)	Failed tank and/or line tightness test, unexplained water fluctuations exceeding one inch; significant loss or gain.
Groundwater Monitoring Wells	Presence of free product or sheen. Discharge Report Form must be submitted within 24 hours.
Vapor Monitoring Wells	Vapor concentrations >500 ppm for gasoline, Vapor concentrations >50 ppm for diesel.
Manual Tank Gauging (Only valid for tanks up to 2000 gals)	Readings exceeding the standards described in 62-761.640 Table MTG, F.A.C.
Electronic Monitoring of sumps and/or dispenser liners	Alarm conditions, audible or visible.
Visual Monitoring of sumps and/or dispenser liners	Water above the entrance of double-wall piping or presence of free product.
Line Leak Detector	Tripping/Activation of leak detector.
Annual Line Tightness Test	Failed tightness test

As required by 62.761.200(71), F.A.C., if the RDRL is measured or observed, we will initiate activities to determine if an incident, release, or discharge has occurred. If within 24 hours we cannot determine if a discharge occurred, an Incident Notification Form will be submitted.